1. Incorrect: La fiesta está en Santa Mónica.
Correct: La fiesta es en Santa Mónica.

The only exception for not using “estar” when we talk about location is when we talk about events. We need to use “ser” when we talk about events.

2. Incorrect: Ella es de peruana.
Correct: Ella es de Perú or Ella es peruana.

This rule is the same as English. She is FROM Peru or She is Peruvian. In the second sentence you don’t need to use “from”.

Correct: Él está mal. (He is not good)
Él es malo. (He is mean)

The first sentence: “El esta mal” express a condition, so we need to use the verb “estar”. The second sentence “El es malo” describes a person, so we need to use the verb “ser”.

4. Incorrect: María es organizado.
Correct: María es organizada.

All adjectives, in this case “organizado”, need to agree in gender with the subject or noun, “María”.

5. Incorrect: Ella es mucha gorda.
Correct: Ella es muy gorda.

Always use “muy” before an adjective (gorda).

Correct: Estoy emocionado.

NEVER USE EXCITADO for excited. Excitado when translated into English means to “arouse”. Instead use “emocionado”.

7. Incorrect: Ella es la menor que yo.
Correct: Ella es menor que y

Never use “la” when you compare two people.

8. Incorrect: Ella es mayor.
Correct: Ella es la mayor.

Always use “LA” or “EL” when you say the oldest or the youngest.